Arriving in the U.S.: Immigration Inspection

Negative COVID Test Results
All air passengers arriving to the U.S. from another country are required to get tested no more than 3 days before you travel by air into the United States (U.S.) and show your negative result to the airline before you board your flight, or be prepared to show documentation of recovery (proof of a recent positive viral test and a letter from your healthcare provider or a public health official stating that you were cleared to travel). This rule applies regardless of vaccination status. For more information on this requirement, see the CDC’s Frequently Asked Questions [1].

Documents to Have On Arrival in the U.S.
Upon arrival, you will go through immigration inspection, where your electronic I-94 entry record will be created. Be sure to have your passport, immigration document, and the rest of the recommended items below with you. Do not pack them in your checked luggage.

With all of the COVID-19 related changes to both U.S. immigrations and the operation of U.S. universities, we want you to have all the documents that you may need in coming or returning to the U.S. When you arrive at the U.S. port of entry, the Customs and Border Protection (CBP) officer will ask to see the first three documents but may ask to see other documents on this list. OISS suggested you have all of the documents with you. The officer may also ask you to answer additional questions about your study plans. Documents #6-9 on this list relate to the current situation. Please review them.

Important Note:
Carry these documents with you - don't put them in your checked luggage

1. Valid Passport: must be valid at least 6 months into the future at the time of admission.
2. Valid U.S. Visa (Canadian citizens do not need a visa)
   For those students with I-20s sent electronically, print out the document. You cannot present the I-20 on your phone.
4. Receipt from paying the Student and Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS) fee [2] (F or J visa holders)
5. Copy of your admissions letter and proof of funds: while you may not be asked for it, it is advisable for new students to carry these documents as well. Proof of funds can include the same documents you submitted to obtain your I-20 or DS-2019, such as bank statements and scholarship/financial aid letters.
6. NEW: Yale Fall 2021 Letter [3]: This letter, updated on April 13th and issued by OISS, explains that Yale is open and will be operating for full-time study this fall.
7. Travelers from Schengen Area, United Kingdom, and Ireland: print off this bulletin from the U.S. Customs and Border Protection [4] which notes that F-1 visa holders are able to travel.
8. Travelers from Canada: if you will be traveling over the land border, print off this page which clarifies “individuals traveling to attend educational institutions” are considered “essential travelers” [5]

Traveler Health Form
As of June 25, 2021, the New York State Travel Advisory is no longer in effect. As such, travelers arriving in New York are no longer required to submit traveler health forms. If you are entering the U.S. at other locations, please check the requirements for that state.

**What to Expect at the U.S. Port of Entry**

Your visa and other immigration documents are evidence of your eligibility to apply for admission in a particular visa status at a U.S. Port of Entry.

Customs and Border Protection (CBP) is part of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) and is the government agency that controls admission to the United States. The CBP officer makes the final decision on your admission to the U.S. in a particular status and determines how long you may stay based on your documents.

1. **Meet the CBP Officer**

The officer will review your documents, inspect your bag, and ask you a few questions about the purpose of your travel to the U.S.

If all is in order, the officer will admit you to the U.S. and will stamp your passport with:

- date and place of arrival
- immigration status
- expiration of your stay in status

If the officer has additional questions, please see Secondary Inspection below for more information.

2. **Confirm that your visa stamp is accurate**

The CBP officer will admit you to the U.S. and stamp your passport with:

- date and place of arrival
- immigration status
- expiration of your stay in status

Before you leave the immigration check point, confirm that your visa information is correct. Make sure you have the small ink entry stamp with your visa classification and expiration date ("D/S" if you are F-1 or J-1) handwritten. The expiration date should match the end of the program (on the I-20 or DS-2019) plus a grace period.

**Important Note:**
If you do not have a stamp, or see the wrong visa classification written, request that the CBP officer give you a correct stamp. You may need to go to the Differed Inspection section of the airport.

3. **Review your 1-94 (after arrival)**

As soon as you have access to a computer please look-up your I-94 record [6] to make sure it is accurate. Print or save a copy on your device.

**Secondary Inspection**

Most Yale students and scholars will clear U.S. immigration after your documents are reviewed by a CBP officer. However, a few may be referred to another officer to verify your student status or for additional questioning. This is
referred to as “secondary inspection”[7]. Although a referral to secondary inspection can be intimidating and make you feel anxious, there is usually little cause for alarm. Be aware that it can take an hour or two to complete this inspection process.

If the CBP officer has questions that can be answered by OISS, ask the officer if they would like to call OISS for confirmation. During office hours, you can call your adviser directly [8] or the general office number, (203) 432-2305. After hours call the Yale Police Department at (203) 432-4400 who will immediately call the OISS director or associate director.

Get to New Haven

Find out how to get from the airport to your new home! [9]

Source URL: https://oiss.yale.edu/getting-started/new-students/travel-arrival/arriving-in-the-us-immigration-inspection

Links:
[8] https://oiss.yale.edu/about/connect-with-oiss